

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 2505

(BY DELEGATES PERDUE, BOGGS, HATFIELD, CANN, RODIGHIERO,
MOYE, POORE, BORDER, C. MILLER, HAMILTON AND LAWRENCE)

(Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)
[January 27, 2011]

A BILL to amend and reenact §60A-1-101 the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and to amend and reenact §60A-2-204 of said code, all relating to adding certain cannabinoids, hallucinogens and stimulants to the Schedule I list of controlled substances; and clarifying references to definitions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §60A-1-101 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, and that §60A-2-204 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. STANDARDS AND SCHEDULES.

§60A-1-101. Definitions.

1 As used in this act:

2 (a) “Administer” means the direct application of a
3 controlled substance whether by injection, inhalation,
4 ingestion or any other means to the body of a patient or
5 research subject by:

6 (1) A practitioner (or, in his presence, by his authorized
7 agent); or

8 (2) The patient or research subject at the direction and in
9 the presence of the practitioner.

10 (b) “Agent” means an authorized person who acts on
11 behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor or
12 dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier,
13 public warehouseman or employee of the carrier or
14 warehouseman.

15 (c) “Analogue” means a substance that, in relation to a
16 controlled substance, has a substantially similar chemical
17 structure.

18 ~~(c)~~ (d) “Bureau” means the “Bureau of Narcotics and
19 Dangerous Drugs, United States Department of Justice” or its
20 successor agency.

21 ~~(d)~~ (e) “Controlled substance” means a drug, substance
22 or immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of article
23 two.

24 ~~(e)~~ (f) “Counterfeit substance” means a controlled
25 substance which, or the container or labeling of which,
26 without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name or
27 other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any
28 likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser
29 other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed
30 or dispensed the substance.

31 ~~(f)~~ (g) “Imitation controlled substance” means: (1) A
32 controlled substance which is falsely represented to be a
33 different controlled substance; (2) a drug or substance which
34 is not a controlled substance but which is falsely represented
35 to be a controlled substance; or (3) a controlled substance or
36 other drug or substance or a combination thereof which is

37 shaped, sized, colored, marked, imprinted, numbered,
38 labeled, packaged, distributed or priced so as to cause a
39 reasonable person to believe that it is a controlled substance.

40 ~~(g)~~ (h) “Deliver” or “delivery” means the actual,
41 constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another
42 of: (1) A controlled substance, whether or not there is an
43 agency relationship; (2) a counterfeit substance; or (3) an
44 imitation controlled substance.

45 ~~(h)~~ (i) “Dispense” means to deliver a controlled substance
46 to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the
47 lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing,
48 administering, packaging, labeling or compounding
49 necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery.

50 ~~(i)~~ (j) “Dispenser” means a practitioner who dispenses.

51 ~~(j)~~ (k) “Distribute” means to deliver, other than by
52 administering or dispensing, a controlled substance, a
53 counterfeit substance or an imitation controlled substance.

54 ~~(k)~~ (l) “Distributor” means a person who distributes.

55 (†) (m) “Drug” means: (1) Substances recognized as
56 drugs in the official “United States Pharmacopoeia, official
57 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States or official
58 National Formulary”, or any supplement to any of them; (2)
59 substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
60 treatment or prevention of disease in man or animals; (3)
61 substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure
62 or any function of the body of man or animals; and (4)
63 substances intended for use as a component of any article
64 specified in clause (1), (2) or (3) of this subdivision. It does
65 not include devices or their components, parts or accessories.

66 (n) “Immediate derivative” means a substance which the
67 “West Virginia Board of Pharmacy” has found to be and by
68 rule designates as being the principal compound or any
69 analogue of the parent compound manufactured from a
70 known controlled substance primarily for use and which has
71 equal or similar pharmacologic activity as the parent
72 compound which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit
73 manufacture.

74 ~~(m)~~ (o) “Immediate precursor” means a substance which
75 the “West Virginia Board of Pharmacy” (hereinafter in this
76 act referred to as the State Board of Pharmacy) has found to
77 be and by rule designates as being the principal compound
78 commonly used or produced primarily for use and which is
79 an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used
80 in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of
81 which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.

82 ~~(n)~~ (p) “Manufacture” means the production, preparation,
83 propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a
84 controlled substance, either directly or indirectly or by
85 extraction from substances of natural origin, or
86 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a
87 combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and
88 includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or
89 labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term
90 does not include the preparation, compounding, packaging or
91 labeling of a controlled substance:

92 (1) By a practitioner as an incident to his administering
93 or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his
94 professional practice; or

95 (2) By a practitioner, or by his authorized agent under his
96 supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research,
97 teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale.

98 (⊕) (q) “Marijuana” means all parts of the plant
99 “Cannabis sativa L.,” whether growing or not; the seeds
100 thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and
101 every compound, manufacture, salt, immediate derivative,
102 mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. It does
103 not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced
104 from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant,
105 any other compound, manufacture, salt, immediate
106 derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks
107 (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil or cake, or
108 the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of
109 germination.

110 (p) (r) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following,
111 whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from
112 substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of
113 chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and
114 chemical synthesis:

115 (1) Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, immediate
116 derivative or preparation of opium or opiate.

117 (2) Any salt, compound, isomer, immediate derivative or
118 preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or
119 identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph
120 (1) of this subdivision, but not including the isoquinoline
121 alkaloids of opium.

122 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw.

123 (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, immediate
124 derivative or preparation of coca leaves and any salt,
125 compound, isomer, immediate derivative or preparation
126 thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any
127 of these substances, but not including decocainized coca
128 leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain
129 cocaine or ecgonine.

130 ~~(q)~~ (s) “Opiate” means any substance having an
131 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to
132 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having
133 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does
134 not include, unless specifically designated as controlled
135 under section two hundred one, article two of this chapter,
136 the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan
137 and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does not include its
138 racemic and levorotatory forms.

139 ~~(r)~~ (t) “Opium poppy” means the plant of the species
140 “*Papaver somniferum* L.,” except its seeds.

141 ~~(s)~~ (u) “Person” means individual, corporation,
142 government or governmental subdivision or agency, business
143 trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other
144 legal entity.

145 ~~(t)~~ (v) “Placebo” means an inert medicament or
146 preparation administered or dispensed for its psychological
147 effect, to satisfy a patient or research subject or to act as a
148 control in experimental series.

149 ~~(u)~~ (w) “Poppy straw” means all parts, except the seeds,
150 of the opium poppy after mowing.

151 ~~(v)~~ (x) “Practitioner” means:

152 (1) A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific
153 investigator or other person licensed, registered or otherwise
154 permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with
155 respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in the
156 course of professional practice or research in this state.

157 (2) A pharmacy, hospital or other institution licensed,
158 registered or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense,
159 conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled
160 substance in the course of professional practice or research
161 in this state.

162 ~~(w)~~ (y) “Production” includes the manufacture, planting,
163 cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled substance.

164 ~~(x)~~ (z) “State”, when applied to a part of the United
165 States, includes any state, district, commonwealth, territory,
166 insular possession thereof and any area subject to the legal
167 authority of the United States of America.

168 ~~(y)~~(aa) “Ultimate user” means a person who lawfully
169 possesses a controlled substance for his own use or for the
170 use of a member of his household or for administering to an
171 animal owned by him or by a member of his household.

§60A-2-204. Schedule I.

- 1 (a) Schedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances,
2 by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical
3 name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
- 4 (b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
5 another schedule, any of the following opiates, including
6 their isomers, esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters
7 and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters,
8 ethers and salts is possible within the specific chemical
9 designation (for purposes of subdivision (34) of this
10 subsection only, the term isomer includes the optical and
11 geometric isomers):
- 12 (1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)
13 -4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);

14 (2) Acetylmethadol;

15 (3) Allylprodine;

16 (4) Alphacetylmethadol (except levoalphacetylmethadol also
17 known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate,
18 or LAAM);

19 (5) Alphameprodine;

20 (6) Alphamethadol;

21 (7) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)
22 ethyl-4-piperidyl] propionanilide;
23 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N- propanilido) piperidine);

24 (8) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)
25 ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);

26 (9) Benzethidine;

27 (10) Betacetylmethadol;

28 (11) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)
29 -4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);

30 (12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name: N-[1-(2-
31 hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpr
32 opanamide);

- 33 (13) Betameprodine;
- 34 (14) Betamethadol;
- 35 (15) Betaprodine;
- 36 (16) Clonitazene;
- 37 (17) Dextromoramide;
- 38 (18) Diampromide;
- 39 (19) Diethylthiambutene;
- 40 (20) Difenoxin;
- 41 (21) Dimenoxadol;
- 42 (22) Dimepheptanol;
- 43 (23) Dimethylthiambutene;
- 44 (24) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- 45 (25) Dipipanone;
- 46 (26) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 47 (27) Etonitazene;
- 48 (28) Etoxeridine;
- 49 (29) Furethidine;
- 50 (30) Hydroxypethidine;
- 51 (31) Ketobemidone;

- 52 (32) Levomoramide;
- 53 (33) Levophenacymorphan;
- 54 (34) 3-Methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-
- 55 piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 56 (35) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)
- 57 ethyl-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 58 (36) Morpheridine;
- 59 (37) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
- 60 (38) Noracymethadol;
- 61 (39) Norlevorphanol;
- 62 (40) Normethadone;
- 63 (41) Norpipanone;
- 64 (42) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-
- 65 phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide);
- 66 (43) PEPAP(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
- 67 (44) Phenadoxone;
- 68 (45) Phenampromide;
- 69 (46) Phenomorphan;
- 70 (47) Phenoperidine;

- 71 (48) Piritramide;
- 72 (49) Proheptazine;
- 73 (50) Properidine;
- 74 (51) Propiram;
- 75 (52) Racemoramide;
- 76 (53) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
- 77 piperidinyl]-propanamide);
- 78 (54) Tilidine;
- 79 (55) Trimeperidine.
- 80 (c) Opium derivatives. -- Unless specifically excepted or
- 81 unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opium
- 82 immediate derivatives, its salts, isomers and salts of isomers
- 83 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of
- 84 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 85 (1) Acetorphine;
- 86 (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
- 87 (3) Benzylmorphine;
- 88 (4) Codeine methylbromide;
- 89 (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;

- 90 (6) Cyprenorphine;
- 91 (7) Desomorphine;
- 92 (8) Dihydromorphine;
- 93 (9) Drotebanol;
- 94 (10) Etorphine (except HCl Salt);
- 95 (11) Heroin;
- 96 (12) Hydromorphenol;
- 97 (13) Methyldesorphine;
- 98 (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
- 99 (15) Morphine methylbromide;
- 100 (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 101 (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 102 (18) Myrophine;
- 103 (19) Nicocodeine;
- 104 (20) Nicomorphine;
- 105 (21) Normorphine;
- 106 (22) Pholcodine;
- 107 (23) Thebacon.

108 (d) Hallucinogenic substances. -- Unless specifically
109 excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
110 compound, mixture or preparation, which contains any
111 quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which
112 contains any of its salts, isomers and salts of isomers,
113 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of
114 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation
115 (for purposes of this subsection only, the term “isomer”
116 includes the optical, position and geometric isomers):

117 (1) Alpha-ethyltryptamine; some trade or other names:
118 etryptamine; Monase; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine;
119 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; alpha-ET; and AET;

120 (2) 4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxy-amphetamine; some trade or
121 other names: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-
122 methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo- 2,5-DMA;

123 (3) 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine; some trade or
124 other names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-
125 aminoethane; alpha- desmethyl DOB; 2C-B, Nexus;

- 126 (4) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine; some trade or other names:
127 2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA;
- 128 (5) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine; some trade or other
129 names: DOET;
- 130 (6) 4-methoxyamphetamine; some trade or other names:
131 4 - m e t h o x y - a l p h a - m e t h y l p h e n e t h y l a m i n e ;
132 paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA;
- 133 (7) 5-methyloxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
- 134 (8) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine; some trade and
135 other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-
136 methylphenethylamine; “DOM”; and “STP”;
- 137 (9) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 138 (10) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
- 139 (11) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known
140 as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy)
141 phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA);
- 142 (12) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (also
143 known as N- hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy)
144 phenethylamine, and N- hydroxy MDA);

- 145 (13) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 146 (14) Bufotenine; some trade and other names: 3-
147 (beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole;3-(2-dimethyl
148 aminoethyl) -5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin;
149 5-hydroxy-N,N- dimethyltryptamine; mappine;
- 150 (15) Diethyltryptamine; some trade and other names: N,
151 N-Diethyltryptamine; DET;
- 152 (16) Dimethyltryptamine; some trade or other names: DMT;
- 153 (17) Ibogaine; some trade and other names: 7-Ethyl-6, 6
154 Beta, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,
155 9-methano-5H- pyrido [1', 2': 1, 2] azepino [5,4-b] indole;
156 Tabernanthe iboga;
- 157 (18) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 158 (19) Marihuana;
- 159 (20) Mescaline;
- 160 (21) Parahexyl-7374; some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl
161 -1-hydroxy-7, 8, 9, 10-tetrahydro-6, 6,
162 9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] pyran; Synhexyl;

- 163 (22) Peyote; meaning all parts of the plant presently
164 classified botanically as *Lophophora williamsii* Lemaire,
165 whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from
166 any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture,
167 salts, immediate derivative, mixture or preparation of such
168 plant, its seeds or extracts;
- 169 (23) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 170 (24) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 171 (25) Psilocybin;
- 172 (26) Psilocyn;
- 173 (27) Tetrahydrocannabinols; synthetic equivalents of the
174 substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous
175 extractives of *Cannabis*, sp. and/or synthetic substances,
176 immediate derivatives and their isomers with similar
177 chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the
178 following:
- 179 delta-1 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
180 isomers;

181 delta-6 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical
182 isomers;

183 delta-3,4 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical
184 isomers;

185 (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally
186 standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of
187 numerical designation of atomic positions covered.)

188 (28) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine; some trade or other
189 names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine,
190 (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)
191 ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;

192 (29) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine; some trade or other
193 names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;

194 (30) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine; some trade or other
195 names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine,
196 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TCP, TCP;

197 (31) 1[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine; some other
198 names: TCPy.

199 (32) Synthetic Cannabinoids as follows:

- 200 (a) 2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-5-(2-methyloctan-2-
201 yl)phenol {also known as CP 47,497 and homologues};
- 202 (b) rel-2-[(1S,3R)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-5-(2-methylnonan-
203 2-yl)phenol {also known as CP 47,497-C8 homolog};
- 204 (c) [(6aR)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-
205 methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-
206 1-ol] {also known as HU-210};
- 207 (d) (dexanabinol, (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-6,6-
208 dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-
209 tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol) {also known as HU-211};
- 210 (e) 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole {also known as JWH-
211 018};
- 212 (f) 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole {also known as JWH-
213 073};
- 214 (g) (2-methyl-1-propyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-naphthalenyl-
215 methanone {also known as JWH-015};
- 216 (h) (1-hexyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-1-naphthalenyl-methanone {also
217 known as JWH-019};

- 218 (i) [1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-indol-3-yl]-1-
 219 naphthalenyl-methanone {also known as JWH-200};
- 220 (j) 1-(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-ethanone
 221 {also known as JWH-250};
- 222 (k) 2 - ((1 S , 2 S , 5 S) - 5 - h y d r o x y - 2 - (3 -
 223 hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl)-5-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)phenol
 224 {also known as CP 55,940};
- 225 (l) (4-methyl-1-naphthalenyl)(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-
 226 methanone {also known as JWH-122};
- 227 (m) (4-methyl-1-naphthalenyl)(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-
 228 methanone {also known as JWH-398};
- 229 (n) (4-methoxyphenyl)(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methanone
 230 {also known as RCS-4};
- 231 (o) 1-(1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-1H-indol-3-yl)-2-(2-
 232 methoxyphenyl)ethanone {also known as RCS-8};
- 233 (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally
 234 standardized, any immediate precursor or immediate
 235 derivative of these substances shall be covered); and
- 236 (33) 3,4-methylenedioxyprovalerone (MPVD).

237 (e) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless
238 listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture,
239 or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
240 substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous
241 system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers
242 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of
243 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

244 (1) Mecloqualone;

245 (2) Methaqualone.

246 (f) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed
247 in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or
248 preparation which contains any quantity of the following
249 substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous
250 system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

251 (1) Aminorex; some other names: aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-
252 phenyl-2-oxazoline; or 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

253 (2) Cathinone; some trade or other names:
254 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone, alpha-aminopropiophenone,
255 2-aminopropiophenone, and norephedrone;

- 256 (3) Fenethylamine;
- 257 (4) Methcathinone, its immediate precursors and immediate
258 derivatives, its salts, optical isomers and salts of optical
259 isomers; some other names: (2-(methylamino)-
260 propiophenone; alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone;
261 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; alpha-
262 methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; 3,4-
263 methylenedioxypropylamphetamine and/or mephedrone; ephedrone;
264 N-methylcathinone; methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-
265 463 and UR1432;
- 266 (5) (+-) cis-4-methylaminorex; ((+)-cis-4,5-dihydro-4-
267 methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline);
- 268 (6) N-ethylamphetamine;
- 269 (7) N,N-dimethylamphetamine; also known as N,N-alpha-
270 trimethylbenzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-
271 trimethylphenethylamine.
- 272 (g) Temporary listing of substances subject to emergency
273 scheduling. Any material, compound, mixture or preparation
274 which contains any quantity of the following substances:

275 (1) N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
276 (benzylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of
277 isomers.

278 (2) N-[1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl]-phenylpropanamide
279 (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of
280 isomers.